SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1092

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Seniors, Families and Pensions, April 23, 2014, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4666S.02C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 210.145, 210.152, 210.183, and 334.950, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to child abuse investigations, with an existing penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 210.145, 210.152, 210.183, and 334.950, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 210.145, 210.152, 210.183, and 334.950, to read as follows:
 - 210.145. 1. The division shall develop protocols which give priority to:
- 2 (1) Ensuring the well-being and safety of the child in instances where
- 3 child abuse or neglect has been alleged;
- 4 (2) Promoting the preservation and reunification of children and families
- 5 consistent with state and federal law;
- 6 (3) Providing due process for those accused of child abuse or neglect; and
- 7 (4) Maintaining an information system operating at all times, capable of
- 8 receiving and maintaining reports. This information system shall have the ability
- 9 to receive reports over a single, statewide toll-free number. Such information
- 10 system shall maintain the results of all investigations, family assessments and
- 11 services, and other relevant information.
- 12 2. The division shall utilize structured decision-making protocols for
- 13 classification purposes of all child abuse and neglect reports. The protocols
- 14 developed by the division shall give priority to ensuring the well-being and safety
- 15 of the child. All child abuse and neglect reports shall be initiated within
- 16 twenty-four hours and shall be classified based upon the reported risk and injury

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17 to the child. The division shall promulgate rules regarding the structured 18 decision-making protocols to be utilized for all child abuse and neglect reports.

- 3. Upon receipt of a report, the division shall determine if the report merits investigation, including reports which if true would constitute a suspected violation of any of the following: section 565.020, 565.021, 565.023, 565.024, or 565.050 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, section 566.030 or 566.060 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, or other crimes under chapter 566 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age and the perpetrator is twenty-one years of age or older, section 567.050 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, section 568.020, 568.030, 568.045, 568.050, 568.060, 568.080, or 568.090, section 573.025, 573.035, 573.037, or 573.040, or an attempt to commit any such crimes. The division shall immediately communicate all reports that merit investigation to its appropriate local office and any relevant information as may be contained in the information system. The local division staff shall determine, through the use of protocols developed by the division, whether an investigation or the family assessment and services approach should be used to respond to the allegation. The protocols developed by the division shall give priority to ensuring the well-being and safety of the child.
- 4. When the child abuse and neglect hotline receives three or more calls, within a seventy-two hour period, from one or more individuals concerning the same child, the division shall conduct a review to determine whether the calls meet the criteria and statutory definition for a child abuse and neglect report to be accepted. In conducting the review, the division shall contact the hotline caller or callers in order to collect information to determine whether the calls meet the criteria for harassment.
- 5. The local office shall contact the appropriate law enforcement agency immediately upon receipt of a report which division personnel determine merits an investigation and provide such agency with a detailed description of the report received. In such cases the local division office shall request the assistance of the local law enforcement agency in all aspects of the investigation of the complaint. The appropriate law enforcement agency shall either assist the division in the investigation or provide the division, within twenty-four hours, an explanation in writing detailing the reasons why it is unable to assist.
- 6. The local office of the division shall cause an investigation or family assessment and services approach to be initiated in accordance with the protocols established in subsection 2 of this section, except in cases where the sole basis for

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the report is educational neglect. If the report indicates that educational neglect 53 is the only complaint and there is no suspicion of other neglect or abuse, the 54 investigation shall be initiated within seventy-two hours of receipt of the report. 55 If the report indicates the child is in danger of serious physical harm or threat 56 57 to life, an investigation shall include direct observation of the subject child within twenty-four hours of the receipt of the report. Local law enforcement shall take 58 59 all necessary steps to facilitate such direct observation. Callers to the child abuse 60 and neglect hotline shall be instructed by the division's hotline to call 911 in instances where the child may be in immediate danger. If the parents of the 61 62 child are not the alleged [abusers] perpetrators, a parent of the child must be notified prior to the child being interviewed by the division. No person 63 64 responding to or investigating a child abuse and neglect report shall call prior to a home visit or leave any documentation of any attempted visit, such as business 65 cards, pamphlets, or other similar identifying information if he or she has a 66 67 reasonable basis to believe the following factors are present:

- (1) (a) No person is present in the home at the time of the home visit; and
- (b) The alleged perpetrator resides in the home or the physical safety of the child may be compromised if the alleged perpetrator becomes aware of the attempted visit;
- 72 (2) The alleged perpetrator will be alerted regarding the attempted visit; 73 or
- 74 (3) The family has a history of domestic violence or fleeing the community. If the alleged perpetrator is present during a visit by the person responding to or 75 76 investigating the report, such person shall provide written material to the alleged 77 perpetrator informing him or her of his or her rights regarding such visit, 78 including but not limited to the right to contact an attorney. The alleged 79 perpetrator shall be given a reasonable amount of time to read such written material or have such material read to him or her by the case worker before the 80 81 visit commences, but in no event shall such time exceed five minutes; except that, 82 such requirement to provide written material and reasonable time to read such material shall not apply in cases where the child faces an immediate threat or 83 danger, or the person responding to investigating the report is or feels threatened 84 or in danger of physical harm. If the abuse is alleged to have occurred in a school 85 or child care facility the division shall not meet with the child in any school 86 building or child-care facility building where abuse of such child is alleged to have occurred. When the child is reported absent from the residence, the location 88

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- and the well-being of the child shall be verified. For purposes of this subsection, child care facility shall have the same meaning as such term is defined in section 210.201.
- 92 7. The director of the division shall name at least one chief investigator 93 for each local division office, who shall direct the division response on any case involving a second or subsequent incident regarding the same subject child or 94 perpetrator. The duties of a chief investigator shall include verification of direct 95 96 observation of the subject child by the division and shall ensure information 97 regarding the status of an investigation is provided to the public school district 98 liaison. The public school district liaison shall develop protocol in conjunction with the chief investigator to ensure information regarding an investigation is 100 shared with appropriate school personnel. The superintendent of each school 101 district shall designate a specific person or persons to act as the public school district liaison. Should the subject child attend a nonpublic school the chief 102 103 investigator shall notify the school principal of the investigation. Upon notification of an investigation, all information received by the public school 104 105 district liaison or the school shall be subject to the provisions of the federal 106 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C., Section 1232g, and federal rule 34 C.F.R., Part 99. 107
 - 8. The investigation shall include but not be limited to the nature, extent, and cause of the abuse or neglect; the identity and age of the person responsible for the abuse or neglect; the names and conditions of other children in the home, if any; the home environment and the relationship of the subject child to the parents or other persons responsible for the child's care; any indication of incidents of physical violence against any other household or family member; and other pertinent data.
 - 9. When a report has been made by a person required to report under section 210.115, the division shall contact the person who made such report within forty-eight hours of the receipt of the report in order to ensure that full information has been received and to obtain any additional information or medical records, or both, that may be pertinent.
 - 10. Upon completion of the investigation, if the division suspects that the report was made maliciously or for the purpose of harassment, the division shall refer the report and any evidence of malice or harassment to the local prosecuting or circuit attorney.
- 124 11. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used whenever conducting the

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investigation as determined by the division in conjunction with local law enforcement. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used in providing protective or preventive social services, including the services of law enforcement, a liaison of the local public school, the juvenile officer, the juvenile court, and other agencies, both public and private.

- 12. For all family support team meetings involving an alleged victim of child abuse or neglect, the parents, legal counsel for the parents, foster parents, the legal guardian or custodian of the child, the guardian ad litem for the child, and the volunteer advocate for the child shall be provided notice and be permitted to attend all such meetings. Family members, other than alleged perpetrators, or other community informal or formal service providers that provide significant support to the child and other individuals may also be invited at the discretion of the parents of the child. In addition, the parents, the legal counsel for the parents, the legal guardian or custodian and the foster parents may request that other individuals, other than alleged perpetrators, be permitted to attend such team meetings. Once a person is provided notice of or attends such team meetings, the division or the convenor of the meeting shall provide such persons with notice of all such subsequent meetings involving the child. Families may determine whether individuals invited at their discretion shall continue to be invited.
- 13. If the appropriate local division personnel determine after an 145 146 investigation has begun that completing an investigation is not appropriate, the division shall conduct a family assessment and services approach. The division 147 148 shall provide written notification to local law enforcement prior to terminating 149 any investigative process. The reason for the termination of the investigative 150 process shall be documented in the record of the division and the written 151 notification submitted to local law enforcement. Such notification shall not 152 preclude nor prevent any investigation by law enforcement.
- 153 14. If the appropriate local division personnel determines to use a family assessment and services approach, the division shall:
- 155 (1) Assess any service needs of the family. The assessment of risk and 156 service needs shall be based on information gathered from the family and other 157 sources;
- 158 (2) Provide services which are voluntary and time-limited unless it is 159 determined by the division based on the assessment of risk that there will be a 160 high risk of abuse or neglect if the family refuses to accept the services. The

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- division shall identify services for families where it is determined that the child is at high risk of future abuse or neglect. The division shall thoroughly document 163 in the record its attempt to provide voluntary services and the reasons these services are important to reduce the risk of future abuse or neglect to the child. 164 If the family continues to refuse voluntary services or the child needs to be 165 166 protected, the division may commence an investigation;
 - (3) Commence an immediate investigation if at any time during the family assessment and services approach the division determines that an investigation, as delineated in sections 210.109 to 210.183, is required. The division staff who have conducted the assessment may remain involved in the provision of services to the child and family;
 - (4) Document at the time the case is closed, the outcome of the family assessment and services approach, any service provided and the removal of risk to the child, if it existed.
 - 15. (1) Within [thirty] forty-five days of an oral report of abuse or neglect, the local office shall update the information in the information system. The information system shall contain, at a minimum, the determination made by the division as a result of the investigation, identifying information on the subjects of the report, those responsible for the care of the subject child and other relevant dispositional information. The division shall complete all investigations within [thirty] forty-five days, unless good cause for the failure to complete the investigation is **specifically** documented in the information system. Good cause for failure to complete an investigation shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) The necessity to obtain relevant reports of medical providers, medical examiners, psychological testing, law enforcement agencies, forensic testing, and analysis of relevant evidence by third parties which has not been completed and provided to the division;
 - (b) The attorney general or the prosecuting or circuit attorney of the city or county in which a criminal investigation is pending certifies in writing to the division that there is a pending criminal investigation of the incident under investigation by the division and the issuing of a decision by the division will adversely impact the progress of the investigation; or
- (c) The child victim, the subject of the investigation or another witness with information relevant to the investigation is unable or 196

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- 197 temporarily unwilling to provide complete information within the specified time frames due to illness, injury, unavailability, mental 198 199 capacity, age, developmental disability, or other cause.
- 200 The division shall document any such reasons for failure to complete 201 the investigation.
- 202 (2) If [a child involved in a pending investigation dies] a child fatality 203 or near-fatality is involved in a report of abuse or neglect, the investigation shall remain open until the division's investigation surrounding [the death] such death or near-fatal injury is completed.
 - (3) If the investigation is not completed within [thirty] forty-five days, the information system shall be updated at regular intervals and upon the completion of the investigation, which shall be completed no later than ninety days after receipt of a report of abuse or neglect, or one hundred and twenty days after receipt of a report of abuse or neglect involving sexual abuse, or until the division's investigation is complete in cases involving a child fatality or near-fatality. The information in the information system shall be updated to reflect any subsequent findings, including any changes to the findings based on an administrative or judicial hearing on the matter.
- 216 16. A person required to report under section 210.115 to the division and 217 any person making a report of child abuse or neglect made to the division which 218 is not made anonymously shall be informed by the division of his or her right to 219 obtain information concerning the disposition of his or her report. Such person 220 shall receive, from the local office, if requested, information on the general 221 disposition of his or her report. Such person may receive, if requested, findings 222 and information concerning the case. Such release of information shall be at the 223 discretion of the director based upon a review of the reporter's ability to assist in 224 protecting the child or the potential harm to the child or other children within the 225 family. The local office shall respond to the request within forty-five days. The 226 findings shall be made available to the reporter within five days of the outcome 227 of the investigation. If the report is determined to be unsubstantiated, the 228 reporter may request that the report be referred by the division to the office of 229 child advocate for children's protection and services established in sections 37,700 230 to 37.730. Upon request by a reporter under this subsection, the division shall 231 refer an unsubstantiated report of child abuse or neglect to the office of child 232advocate for children's protection and services.

- 233 17. The division shall provide to any individual who is not satisfied with 234 the results of an investigation information about the office of child advocate and the services it may provide under sections 37.700 to 37.730. 235
- 236 18. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of a child the fact that 237 a report may have been made pursuant to sections 210.109 to 210.183 shall not be admissible. However: 238
- 239 (1) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the introduction of evidence 240 from independent sources to support the allegations that may have caused a 241report to have been made; and
- 242 (2) The court may on its own motion, or shall if requested by a party to 243 the proceeding, make an inquiry not on the record with the children's division to 244 determine if such a report has been made.
- 245 If a report has been made, the court may stay the custody proceeding until the children's division completes its investigation. 246
- 247 19. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of a child where the court determines that the child is in need of services under paragraph (d) of 248 249 subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 211.031 and has taken jurisdiction, the 250 child's parent, guardian or custodian shall not be entered into the registry.
- 251 20. The children's division is hereby granted the authority to promulgate 252 rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of section 207.021 and chapter 253 536 to carry out the provisions of sections 210.109 to 210.183.
- 21. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 255 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 256become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 257chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant 258to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul 259a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 260 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2000, shall be 261262 invalid and void.
 - 210.152. 1. All identifying information, including telephone reports reported pursuant to section 210.145, relating to reports of abuse or neglect received by the division shall be retained by the division and removed from the records of the division as follows:
 - 5 (1) For investigation reports contained in the central registry, identifying information shall be retained by the division;

- 7 (2) (a) For investigation reports initiated against a person required to 8 report pursuant to section 210.115, where insufficient evidence of abuse or neglect 9 is found by the division and where the division determines the allegation of abuse 10 or neglect was made maliciously, for purposes of harassment or in retaliation for 11 the filing of a report by a person required to report, identifying information shall 12 be expunged by the division within forty-five days from the conclusion of the 13 investigation;
 - (b) For investigation reports, where insufficient evidence of abuse or neglect is found by the division and where the division determines the allegation of abuse or neglect was made maliciously, for purposes of harassment or in retaliation for the filing of a report, identifying information shall be expunged by the division within forty-five days from the conclusion of the investigation;
 - (c) For investigation reports initiated by a person required to report under section 210.115, where insufficient evidence of abuse or neglect is found by the division, identifying information shall be retained for five years from the conclusion of the investigation. For all other investigation reports where insufficient evidence of abuse or neglect is found by the division, identifying information shall be retained for two years from the conclusion of the investigation. Such reports shall include any exculpatory evidence known by the division, including exculpatory evidence obtained after the closing of the case. At the end of such time period, the identifying information shall be removed from the records of the division and destroyed;
 - (3) For reports where the division uses the family assessment and services approach, identifying information shall be retained by the division;
 - (4) For reports in which the division is unable to locate the child alleged to have been abused or neglected, identifying information shall be retained for ten years from the date of the report and then shall be removed from the records of the division.
 - 2. Within ninety days, or within one hundred twenty days in cases involving sexual abuse, or until the division's investigation is complete in cases involving a child fatality or near-fatality, after receipt of a report of abuse or neglect that is investigated, the alleged perpetrator named in the report and the parents of the child named in the report, if the alleged perpetrator is not a parent, shall be notified in writing of any determination made by the division based on the investigation. The notice shall advise either:
 - (1) That the division has determined by a probable cause finding prior to

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- August 28, 2004, or by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, that abuse or neglect exists and that the division shall retain all identifying information regarding the abuse or neglect; that such information shall remain confidential and will not be released except to law enforcement agencies, prosecuting or circuit attorneys, or as provided in section 210.150; that the alleged perpetrator has sixty days from the date of receipt of the notice to seek reversal of the division's determination through a review by the child abuse and neglect review board as provided in subsection 4 of this section; or
 - (2) That the division has not made a probable cause finding or determined by a preponderance of the evidence that abuse or neglect exists.
 - 3. The children's division may reopen a case for review at the request of the alleged perpetrator, the alleged victim, or the office of the child advocate if new, specific, and credible evidence is obtained that the division's decision was based on fraud or misrepresentation of material facts relevant to the division's decision and there is credible evidence that absent such fraud or misrepresentation the division's decision would have been different. If the alleged victim is under the age of eighteen, the request for review may be made by the alleged victim's parent, legal custodian, or legal guardian. All requests to reopen an investigation for review shall be made within a reasonable time and not more than one year after the children's division made its decision. The division shall not reopen a case for review based on any information which the person requesting the review knew, should have known, or could by the exercise of reasonable care have known before the date of the division's final decision in the case, unless the person requesting the review shows by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she could not have provided such information to the division before the date of the division's final decision in the case. Any person, other than the office of the child advocate, who makes a request to reopen a case for review based on facts which the person knows to be false or misleading or who acts in bad faith or with the intent to harass the alleged victim or perpetrator shall not have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, for providing the information and requesting that the division reopen the investigation. Any person who makes a request to reopen an investigation based on facts which the person knows to be false shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. The children's division shall not reopen an investigation under any circumstances while the case is pending before a court of this state nor when a court has entered a final judgment after de novo judicial review pursuant to this section.

- 4. Any person named in an investigation as a perpetrator who is aggrieved by a determination of abuse or neglect by the division as provided in this section may seek an administrative review by the child abuse and neglect review board pursuant to the provisions of section 210.153. Such request for review shall be made within sixty days of notification of the division's decision under this section. In those cases where criminal charges arising out of facts of the investigation are pending, the request for review shall be made within sixty days from the court's final disposition or dismissal of the charges.
 - 5. In any such action for administrative review, the child abuse and neglect review board shall sustain the division's determination if such determination was supported by evidence of probable cause prior to August 28, 2004, or is supported by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, and is not against the weight of such evidence. The child abuse and neglect review board hearing shall be closed to all persons except the parties, their attorneys and those persons providing testimony on behalf of the parties.
 - 6. If the alleged perpetrator is aggrieved by the decision of the child abuse and neglect review board, the alleged perpetrator may seek de novo judicial review in the circuit court in the county in which the alleged perpetrator resides and in circuits with split venue, in the venue in which the alleged perpetrator resides, or in Cole County. If the alleged perpetrator is not a resident of the state, proper venue shall be in Cole County. The case may be assigned to the family court division where such a division has been established. The request for a judicial review shall be made within sixty days of notification of the decision of the child abuse and neglect review board decision. In reviewing such decisions, the circuit court shall provide the alleged perpetrator the opportunity to appear and present testimony. The alleged perpetrator may subpoena any witnesses except the alleged victim or the reporter. However, the circuit court shall have the discretion to allow the parties to submit the case upon a stipulated record.
- 7. In any such action for administrative review, the child abuse and neglect review board shall notify the child or the parent, guardian or legal representative of the child that a review has been requested.
 - 210.183. 1. At the time of the initial investigation of a report of child 2 abuse or neglect, the division employee conducting the investigation shall provide 3 the alleged perpetrator with a written description of the investigation 4 process. Such written notice shall be given substantially in the following form:

"The investigation is being undertaken by the Children's Division pursuant

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6 to the requirements of chapter 210 of the Revised Missouri Statutes in response 7 to a report of child abuse or neglect.

The identity of the person who reported the incident of abuse or neglect is confidential and may not even be known to the Division since the report could have been made anonymously.

This investigation is required by law to be conducted in order to enable the Children's Division to identify incidents of abuse or neglect in order to provide protective or preventive social services to families who are in need of such services.

The division shall make every reasonable attempt to complete the investigation within [thirty days, except if a child involved in the pending investigation dies the investigation shall remain open until the division's investigation surrounding the death is completed.] forty-five days, except for good cause which shall be documented, otherwise, within ninety days, or one hundred and twenty days after receipt of a report of abuse or neglect involving sexual abuse, or when the division's investigation is complete in cases involving a child fatality or near-fatality, you will receive a letter from the Division which will inform you of one of the following:

- (1) That the Division has found insufficient evidence of abuse or neglect; or
- (2) That there appears to be by a preponderance of the evidence reason to suspect the existence of child abuse or neglect in the judgment of the Division and that the Division will contact the family to offer social services.

If the Division finds by a preponderance of the evidence reason to believe child abuse or neglect has occurred or the case is substantiated by court adjudication, a record of the report and information gathered during the investigation will remain on file with the Division.

If you disagree with the determination of the Division and feel that there is insufficient reason to believe by a preponderance of the evidence that abuse or neglect has occurred, you have a right to request an administrative review at which time you may hire an attorney to represent you. If you request an administrative review on the issue, you will be notified of the date and time of your administrative review hearing by the child abuse and neglect review board. If the Division's decision is reversed by the child abuse and neglect review board, the Division records concerning the report and investigation will be updated to reflect such finding. If the child abuse and neglect review board upholds the

- Division's decision, an appeal may be filed in circuit court within sixty days of the child abuse and neglect review board's decision."
- 2. If the division uses the family assessment approach, the division shall at the time of the initial contact provide the parent of the child with the following
- 46 information:
- 47 (1) The purpose of the contact with the family;
- 48 (2) The name of the person responding and his or her office telephone 49 number;
- 50 (3) The assessment process to be followed during the division's 51 intervention with the family including the possible services available and 52 expectations of the family.
 - 334.950. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 2 (1) "Child abuse medical resource centers", medical institutions affiliated
- 3 with accredited children's hospitals or recognized institutions of higher education
- 4 with accredited medical school programs that provide training, support,
- 5 mentoring, and peer review to SAFE CARE providers in Missouri;
- 6 (2) "SAFE CARE provider", a physician, advanced practice nurse, or 7 physician's assistant licensed in this state who provides medical diagnosis and
- 8 treatment to children suspected of being victims of abuse and who receives:
- 9 (a) Missouri-based initial intensive training regarding child maltreatment 10 from the SAFE CARE network;
- 11 (b) Ongoing update training on child maltreatment from the SAFE CARE 12 network;
- 13 (c) Peer review and new provider mentoring regarding the forensic 14 evaluation of children suspected of being victims of abuse from the SAFE CARE 15 network:
- 16 (3) "Sexual assault forensic examination child abuse resource education
- 18 child abuse medical resource centers that collaborate to provide forensic

network" or "SAFE CARE network", a network of SAFE CARE providers and

- 19 evaluations, medical training, support, mentoring, and peer review for SAFE
- 20 CARE providers for the medical evaluation of child abuse victims in this state to
- 21 improve outcomes for children who are victims of or at risk for child
- 22 maltreatment by enhancing the skills and role of the medical provider in a
- 23 multidisciplinary context.

- 2. Child abuse medical resource centers may collaborate directly or
- 25 through the use of technology with SAFE CARE providers to promote improved

services to children who are suspected victims of abuse that will need to have a forensic medical evaluation conducted by providing specialized training for forensic medical evaluations for children conducted in a hospital, child advocacy center, or by a private health care professional without the need for a collaborative agreement between the child abuse medical resource center and a SAFE CARE provider.

- 3. SAFE CARE providers who are a part of the SAFE CARE network in Missouri may collaborate directly or through the use of technology with other SAFE CARE providers and child abuse medical resource centers to promote improved services to children who are suspected victims of abuse that will need to have a forensic medical evaluation conducted by providing specialized training for forensic medical evaluations for children conducted in a hospital, child advocacy center, or by a private health care professional without the need for a collaborative agreement between the child abuse medical resource center and a SAFE CARE provider.
- 4. The SAFE CARE network shall develop recommendations concerning medically based screening processes and forensic evidence collection for children who may be in need of an emergency examination following an alleged sexual assault. Such recommendations shall be provided to the SAFE CARE providers, child advocacy centers, hospitals and licensed practitioners that provide emergency examinations for children suspected of being victims of abuse.
- 5. The department of public safety shall establish rules and make payments to SAFE CARE providers, out of appropriations made for that purpose, who provide forensic examinations of persons under eighteen years of age who are alleged victims of physical abuse.

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